# Stereo-seq PERMEABILIZATION SET FOR STEREO-CITE PROTEO-TRANSCRIPTOMICS APPLICATION USER MANUAL



Cat. No.: 211SP118 (8 RXNs) Kit Version: V1.0 Manual Version: B

STUM-PR004

## **REVISION HISTORY**

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Kit Version:	V1.0
Date:	Mar. 2024
Description:	Initial release

Manual Version:
Kit Version:
Date:
Description:

В	
V1.0	
May. 2024	

- Typo fixation
- Removal of operational instruction for keeping the chip moist when removing solution in Section 3.4
- Modified Wash Buffer preparation steps in Section 2.1

### Note: Please download the latest version of the manual and use it with the corresponding Stereo-seq Permeabilization kit.

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## WORKFLOW





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QC

NOTE: Additional operation tips and guidance.

CRITICAL STEPS: Pay extra attention for these steps to avoid experimental setbacks or problematic results.

#### **QUALITY CHECK POINT**

CAUTION: Proceed with extra care; improper handling or carelessness may cause experimental failure or accidents.



**STOP POINT**: Here you may pause your experiment and store your sample.

# CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION



#### 1.1. Intended Use

STOmics Stereo-seq Permeabilization Set for Stereo-CITE Proteo-Transcriptomics application enables in situ capture of whole transcriptome and proteomic information simultaneously and is used for optimizing permeabilization conditions for a specific tissue of interest prior to STOmics Stereo-CITE Proteo-Transcriptomics experiments. Featured with high resolution and large Field of View (FOV), Stereo-seq Chip P Slides are patterned with capture probes for capturing mRNA and Antibody Derived Tags (ADT). Upon interacting with the tissue section, cDNA is synthesized in situ using fluorescently labeled nucleotides from captured mRNA. Through visualization using fluorescent microscopy, the optimal permeabilization time can be determined for a specific tissue of interest and will be required for further Stereo-CITE Proteo-Transcriptomics Set for Chipon-a-slide experiments.

All reagents provided in this kit have passed stringent quality control and functional verification, ensuring performance stability and reproducibility.

#### 1.2. List of Kit Components

Each Stereo-seq Permeabilization Set for Chip-on-a-slide consists of:

- Stereo-seq Permeabilization Kit \*1 (8 RXN)
- Stereo-seq Chip P Slide (1cm\*1cm) \*1 (8 EA)
- STOmics Stereo-seq Accessory Kit \*2 (5 PCs)



Additional reagents required:

• Decrosslinking Reagents from Stereo-seq Protein Assisted Kit (212KA11)

For more information, refer to Stereo-CITE PROTEO-TRANSCRIPTOMICS SET USER MANUAL

Compatible auxiliary not included:

Stereo-seq PCR Adaptor (2 EA)



Further information on catalog numbers, kit components, and specifications are listed below (next page).





Upon receiving the Stereo-seq Chip P Slide (1cm\*1cm), follow the instructions in <u>Stereo-seq Chip Slide Operation Guide For Receiving, Handling And Storing</u> to properly store unused Stereo-seq Chip P Slides.

Performance of products may only be guaranteed before their expiration date. Proper performance is also subject to the products being transported, stored, and used in appropriate conditions.

Stereo-seq Permeabilization Kit Cat. No.:111KP118				
Component	Reagent Cat. No.	Cap Color	Quantity (tube)	
RI	1000028499	•	300 µL ×1	
PR Enzyme	1000028500	•	10 mg × 1	
RT QC Reagent	1000028501	•	748µL ×1	
RT Additive	1000028502	○ (transparent)	44 µL × 1	
RT QC Enzyme	1000028503	○ (transparent)	44 µL × 1	
TR Enzyme	1000028504	•	71µL ×1	
TR Buffer	1000028505	•	1725 µL × 2	
Storage Temperatu -25°C~-18°C			Expiration Date: refer to label	

#### Table 1-1 Stereo-seq Permeabilization Kit

#### Table 1-2 Stereo-seq Chip P Slide (1cm\*1cm)

Stereo-seq Chip P Slide (1cm*1cm	) Cat. No.: 210CP118
Component	Quantity (kit)
Stereo-seq Chip P Slide (1cm * 1cm)	8 EA
Storage Temperature:	ransported y cold chain Expiration Date: refer to label



STOmics Accessory Kit	Cat. No.: 1000033700		
Component	Reagent Cat. No.	Quantity (per kit)	
Cassette	10000033699	1 EA	
Gasket	10000033698	4 EA	
Sealing Tape	1000042970	6 EA	
8 Storage Temperature: Room Temperature	Transported at room temperature	Expiration Date: refer to label	

#### Table 1-3 STOmics Accessory Kit

#### Table 1-4 Stereo-seq PCR Adaptor

Stereo-seq PCR Adaptor	Cat. No.: 301AUX001		
Component	Quantity (per kit)		
Stereo-seq PCR Adaptor	2 EA		
8 Storage Temperature: Room Temperature	Transported at room temperature Expiration Date:		

#### Table 1-5 Stereo-seq Protein Assisted Kit

Stereo-seq Protein Assisted Kit Cat. No.:212KA114				
Component	Reagent Cat. No.	Cap Color	Quantity (tube)	
Decrosslinking Reagents	1000043548	•	1725 µL × 5	
ADT Amplification Kit	1000043547	•	220 µL ×1	
ADT Primer Mix	1000043548	•	36 µL × 1	
Blocking Reagents	1000044666	O (transparent)	) 60 µL × 1	
Storage Temperature -25°C~-18°C		ported X	Expiration Date: refer to label	

Reagents in gray are not used in this protocol.

#### 1.3. Additional Equipment and Materials

The tables below (next page) list equipment and materials needed for this protocol. Some common laboratory equipment not named in Table 1-5 are expected to be accessible by the user; for instance, an ice maker, biological safety cabinet, freezers, and so on. For specific microscope requirements, refer to <u>STOmics Microscope Assessment</u> <u>Guideline.</u>



Equipment		
Brand	Description	Cat. No.
-	Cryostat	-
-	Benchtop centrifuge	-
-	Pipettes	-
	Metal heating block dry bath (optional	) -
-	Vortex mixer	-
Eppendorf	Microcentrifuge (for Stereo-seq mIF application, refrigeration function required)	5418 R
Bio-Rad*	T100 Thermal Cycler	1861096
ABI*	ProFlex 3 x 32-well PCR System	4484073

#### Table 1-6 Additional equipment required

Choose either one of the listed brands (with \* mark). Suitable PCR Adaptor will be needed.

#### Table 1-7 Addition reagents required

Reagents		
Brand	Description	Cat. No.
BOSTER (or other brands)	4% Paraformaldehyde (with DEPC)	AR1069
	Nuclease-free water	AM9937
Ambion	1X TE buffer, pH 8.0	AM9858
	20X SSC	AM9770
Sigma Aldrich	Hydrochloric acid, HCl (0.1N)	2104-50ML
Signia Alunch	Methanol	34860-1L-R
	RiboLock RNase Inhibitor (40 U/ $\mu$ L)	EO0382
Thermo Fisher Scientific™	Gibco™ Horse Serum	26050070
	Gibco™ Goat Serum	16210064
Invitrogen	Salmon Sperm DNA, sheared (10mg/mL)	AM9680
SAKURA	SAKURA Tissue-Tek® O.C.T. compound	4583



Consumables		
Brand	Description	Cat. No.
-	Stainless-steel base mold	-
-	Aluminum foil	-
-	Forceps	-
-	Slide staining rack	-
-	Sterilized Syringe	-
-	Microscope glass coverslip (area: 18 m x 18 mm, thickness: 0.13 - 0.16 mm)	m _
Millipore	Millex Syringe Filter, Durapore PVDF, 0.22 μm pore size (for Stereo-seq mIF application)	SLGV033N
	Corning <sup>®</sup> 100 mm TC-treated Culture Dish	353003
Corning	50 mL centrifuge tubes	430829
	15 mL centrifuge tubes	430791
BBI	5.0 mL Centrifuge Tubes	F611888-0001
Kimtech	KimWipes <sup>™</sup> delicate task wipes	34155
MATIN	Power Dust Remover	M-6318
	1,000 µL filter tips	TF-1000-L-R-S
Average	200 µL filter tips	TF-200-L-R-S
Axygen	100 µL filter tips	TF-100-R-S
	10 µL filter tips	TXLF-10-L-R-S
Invitrogen	Qubit Assay Tubes	Q32856
BIOSHARP	Metal Block	-

#### Table 1-8 Additional consumables required



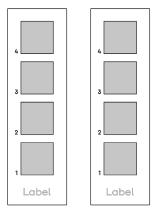
#### 1.4. Practice Tips

#### **Stereo-seq Chip P Slide**

Includes 2 Stereo-seq Chip P Slides containing **four** Chip P (1cm\*1cm) on each slide.

Stereo-seq Chip P Slides and Stereo-seq Chip T Slides are differentiated by a laserengraved label at the end of the slide.

Chip P Slide

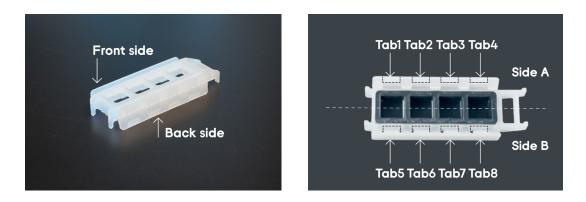


#### Stereo-seq Chip P Slide Storage

Always store unused slides in their original slide container and then the aluminum bag at -25°C ~ 8°C. Keep sealed with tape or another re-sealable bag. Always KEEP the desiccant in the bag.

#### Stereo-seq Slide Cassette

STOmics Stereo-seq Accessory Kit contains a Stereo-seq Cassette and removable Gaskets which need to be assembled prior to use.







For a demonstration video of Stereo-seq Slide Cassette assembling and removal, please refer to the link or by scanning the QR code: <u>https://en.stomics.tech/resources/videos</u>

#### Stereo-seq Slide Cassette Assembly

a. Take the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette and gasket out of the STOmics Stereo-seq Accessory Kit.



b. Pick up the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette and flip it over. Insert the gasket into the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette, ensuring that the cutouts are aligned.



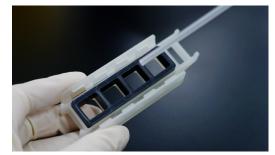
c. Press the gasket down to secure it in the cassette.



e. Pick up the Stereo-seq Chip Slide and flip it over with the chip surface facing down. Align the engraved label with the long edge of the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette.



d. Use a power dust remover to blow off any debris on the gasket if necessary.





f. Ensure that the chips are aligned within the empty space of the gasket and avoid touching the chip surface with the gasket or cassette during slide placement. Insert the Stereo-seq Chip Slide under the bottom 4 tabs.



g. Support the back of the cassette with both middle fingers. Place your left thumb between tab 1 and tab 2, and place your while right thumb between tab 3 and tab 4.



h. Press the upper side (A side) of the slide (near the edge) evenly and then simultaneously press the top edge down firmly with both index fingers to clip the slide in place until you hear it click.



i. Press along both edges of the Stereoseq Slide Cassette to ensure that the Stereo-seq Chip Slide is locked in place.





j. Look closely at the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette and confirm that the slide is clipped in place.





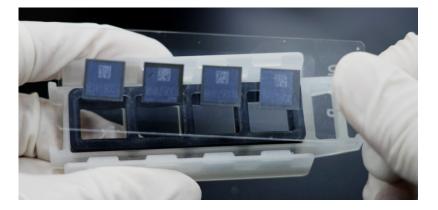


#### Stereo-seq Slide Cassette Removal

a. Flip the cassette over and firmly press the upper side down to release the slide from the tabs, while gently supporting the back of the Stereo-seq Chip Slide with both thumbs to prevent the Stereo-seq Chip Slide from falling off.



b. Lift the Stereo-seq Chip Slide from the engraved label end.



#### 1.5. Precautions and Warnings

- This product is intended for research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures. Read all instructions in this manual carefully before using the product.
- Before performing experiments with the kits, users are recommended that you ensure that they are familiar with related instruments, and operate them according to manufacturer's instructions.
- Instructions provided in this manual are intended for general use only, and optimization may be required for specific applications.
- Thaw the reagents in the kits properly prior to use. For enzymes, centrifuge briefly and keep them on ice until further use. For other reagents, thaw them first at room temperature followed by inverting several times to mix them properly, and centrifuge them briefly before placing on ice for further use.
- mRNA capture will be compromised or absent for any scratched areas on the front surface of the chip.



- To prevent cross-contamination, we recommend using filtered pipette tips. Use a new tip each time for pipetting different solutions.
- We recommend using a thermal cycler with heated lids for PCR reactions. Unless otherwise stated, pre-heat the thermal cycler to reaction temperature before use.
- Improper handling of samples and reagents may contribute to aerosol contamination of PCR products, resulting in data inaccuracy. Therefore, we recommend two distinctly separated working areas in the laboratory for PCR reaction preparation and PCR product cleanup tests. Use designated pipettes and equipments for each area and execute regular cleaning (with 0.5% sodium hydrochloride or 10% bleach) to ensure a clean and sterile working environment.
- Do not consume any sample or reagent, and avoid direct contact of reagents with skin and eyes. In case of an accident, immediately wash the affected area thoroughly with a large amount of water. Seek emergency medical assistance if needed.



# **CHAPTER 2** SAMPLE AND EXPERIMENT PREPARATION



For guidelines on sample embedding, sectioning and mounting, please refer to Sample Preparation, Sectioning, and Mounting Guide for Fresh Frozen Samples on Stereo-seq Chip Slides (Document No.: STUM-SP001).

#### 2.1. Experiment Preparation



Unless otherwise specified, nuclease-free water is used for all reagents being prepared prior to this experiment.

Reagent	Preparation Steps	Maintenance
4% PFA	Mix well after thawing and aliquot to a 2 mL/tube for storage. Equibrate to room temperature before use.	-20°C for no more than 1 month
5X SSC	Dilute 5 mL of 20x SSC to 20 mL.	Room Temperature
0.1X SSC	Dilute 100 μL of 20x SSC to 20 mL; dilute 250 μL of 20x SSC to 50 mL.	Room Temperature
Wash Buffer	Prepare at least 2100 μL per chip (1995 μL 0.1X SSC with 105 μL RI)	Place on ice until ready to use.
Filtered Serum Buffer	Take the serum out in advance and thaw it. Mix horse serum and goat serum in a 1:1 ratio. Filter the mixture using a 0.22 µm filter membrane (compatible with a syringe-style sterile disposable syringe). Recommend aliquoting 200 µL per tube (for one round of permeabilization and proteo-transcriptomics workflow). Before the experiment, thaw the aliquoted serum at -20°C. Centrifuge at 4°C, 14000g for 10 min and keep it for later use. Approximately 20 µL of serum is needed for one chip, and any remaining serum can be reused.	
Do not freeze and thav	v the aliquot more than 3 times.	
RI	Thaw on ice before use.	Place on ice until ready to use.
10% Triton X-100	Dilute 100% Triton X-100 into 10% Triton X-100 with nuclease-free water if there is no ready-to-use 10% Triton X-100	Room Temperature

no ready-to-use 10% Triton X-100



0.01N HCl	Prepare at least 2 mL of 0.01N HCl per sample. Configure HCl to 0.01N. Measure and ensure that the pH = 2.	Room temperature for 48 hr (Storing longer than 48 hr will affect the desired pH. Use WITHIN 48 hr of preparation.)		
	repared 0.01N HCl (pH = 2.0 ± 0.1). For pre-r check the pH prior to conducting experimen			
10X Permeabilization Reagent Stock Solutic	Add 1 mL of freshly prepared 0.01N HCl t dissolve PR Enzyme (red cap, in powder form), and thoroughly mix the reagent by pipetting.	-20°C		
DO NOT vortex the permeabilization enzyme. Mix by pipetting before use. Aliquot this 10X stock solution to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.				
1X Permeabilization Reagent Solution	Make 1X PR solution (150 μL / chip) by diluting 10X PR stock solution with 0.01Ν HCl.	Place on ice until ready to use. Can be on ice for up to 6 hr.		
Decrosslinking Reage	Take it out in advance and equilibrate to room temperature at least 5 min prior to use.	Room Temperature		
Other Preparation				
Equipments	Set up	Note		
Equipments	Set the temperature in the following order:	Note		
PCR Thermal Cycler	37°C for slide drying and permeabilization (heating lid at 42°C);	Check the PCR Thermal Cycler for abnormalities. If		
	42°C for reverse transcription (heating lid at 47°C);	necessary, replace		
	55°C for tissue removal (heating lid at 60°C).			
Fluorescence Microscope	Set the epi-fluorescence channel to TRITC mode.	Room Temperature		

Metal Bath

Centrifuge

\_

Adjust the

temperature

accordingly

Reagent

37°C for pre-warming of PR Enzyme;

70°C for pre-warming of Decrosslinking

Cool the centrifuge to 4°C in advance.

**CHAPTER 3** FRESH FROZEN SAMPLE, STEREO-seq PERMEABILIZATION SET FOR STEREO-CITE PROTEO-TRANSCRIPTOMICS APPLICATION, STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE

#### 3.1. Tissue Fixation

- a. Refer to **<u>1.4 Practice Tips</u>** instructions on assembling the cassette and gasket onto the Stereo-seq Chip Slide.
- b. Assemble the Stereo-seq Chip Slide onto the cassette, forming a handheld Stereoseq Slide Cassette. Ensure that the 8 tabs are locked in place and that the cassette is tightly securing the sides of the cassette.
- Do not touch the front of the chip while assembling the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette.
- c. Place the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette in a fume hood, and add **400 µL** of 4% PFA solution per well. Seal the cassette with sealing tape and incubate for **10 min at room temperature**.
- d. After fixation, remove the sealing tape, tilt the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette slightly at an angle of less than 20°, and remove 4% PFA solution from the corner of the well using a pipette while keeping the chip and tissue surface moist.



- e. Immediately add Wash Buffer (**400 µL** per well) and incubate at room temperature for **1 min**.
- f. Tilt the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette slightly at an angle of less than 20°, and remove the Wash Buffer from a corner of the well using a pipette, keeping the chip and tissue surface moist.
- Do not allow the tissue to dry out during the liquid exchange process. Ensure that all the tissue sections are completely submerged.
  - g. Repeat steps e. and f. for one more wash..



#### 3.2. Blocking and mock antibody incubation

a. Blocking: Transfer the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette out of the fume hood to a benchtop and add **150 µL** blocking buffer per chip onto the tissue surface immediately. Incubate the chip at room temperature for **20 min**.

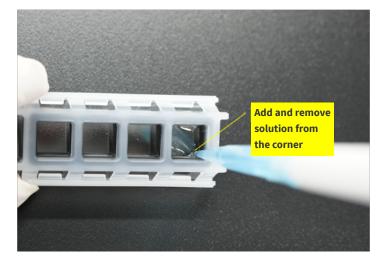


Table 3-1	Blocking	Buffer
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Components	1X ( µL)	2X + 10% ( μL)	3X + 10% ( μL)	4X + 10% ( μL)
5X SSC	180	378	558	738
10% Triton X-100	3	6.3	9.3	12.3
RI	15	31.5	46.5	61.5
Filtered Serum	30	63	93	123
Nuclease-free water	72	151.2	223.2	295.2
Total	300	630	930	1230

b. Mock incubation of the primary antibody: remove the blocking buffer solution from a corner of the well using a pipette, keeping the chip and tissue surface moist. Add
150 µL of blocking buffer per well onto the tissue surface immediately. Incubate the chip at room temperature for 45 min.

) Do not allow the tissue to dry out during the liquid exchange process. It is recommended that you operate the procedure one chip at a time.

c. Mock incubation of the secondary antibody: During the mock primary antibody incubation step, prepare the mock secondary antibody solution according to Table 3-2. Vortex the mixture and place it on ice for later use.



Components	1X ( µL)	2X + 10% ( μL)	3X + 10% ( μL)	4X + 10% ( μL)
5X SSC	90	189	279	369
RI	7.5	15.75	23.25	30.75
Nuclease-free water	52.5	110.25	162.75	215.25
Total	150	315	465	615

#### Table 3-2 Secondary Antibody Mock Incubation Buffer

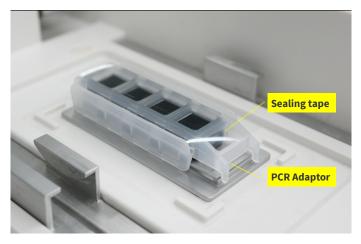
- d. Remove the blocking buffer from a corner of the well using a pipette, and keeping the chip and tissue surface moist.
- e. Immediately add **200 µL** Wash Buffer per well and incubate the chip at room temperature for **1 min**.
- f. Tilt the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette slightly at an angle of less than 20°, remove the Wash Buffer from the corner of the well using a pipette, keeping the chip and tissue surface moist.
- g. Repeat steps e. and f. for one more wash..
- h. Immediately add **150 μL** secondary antibody mock incubation buffer per well and incubate the chip **in the dark** at room temperature for **15 min**.
- i. Prepare the decrosslinking reagents during the secondary antibody incubation step.

#### 3.3. Tissue Decrosslinking

- a. Thaw the Decrosslinking Reagent in advance according to the **2.1 Experiment Preparation** section and bring it to room temperature.
- b. Set one module of the PCR Thermal Cycler to 70°C and the lid temperature to 75°C. Place the PCR Adaptor in the thermal cycler to equilibrate in advance.
- c. Incubate the Decrosslinking Reagent at 70°C for at least **10 min**.
- d. Remove the mock secondary antibody incubation solution from the corner of the well while keeping the tissue surface moist.
- e. Add **200 µL** of Wash Buffer per well and incubate at room temperature for **1 min**.
- f. Tilt the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette slightly at an angle of less than 20°, remove the Wash Buffer from the corner of the well using a pipette, keeping the chip and tissue surface moist.
- g. Repeat **steps e.-f.** for one more wash.
- h. After the final wash, add **400 µL** Decrosslinking Reagent per well.



i. Seal with sealing tape and then place the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette on the PCR Adaptor (70°C). Close the lid of the PCR Thermal Cycler and perform decrosslinking at 70°C for **15 min**.



- j. During the decrosslinking process, set aside the 2 mL of 0.01N HCl and 1X Permeabilization Reagent Solution you prepared in <u>2.1 Experimental Preparation</u>.
- k. Ensure that the PCR Thermal Cycler has been switched on and set to 37°C and the heating lid has been set to 42°C. Place the PCR Adaptor in the PCR thermal cycler, then close the heated lid to pre-heat the adaptor for 3 min.

Temperature	Time	Cycle
(Heated lid) 42°C	on	-
37°C	60 min	1
37°C	Hold	-

- l. Warm the aliquoted 1X Permeabilization Reagent Solution inside the 37°C PCR Thermal Cycler or on a Metal Block for **>10 min (no longer than 30 min)**.
- m. After decrosslinking, transfer the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette to the lab bench, remove the sealing tape, and cool to room temperature for **10 min**.



#### 3.4. Tissue Permeabilization Testing



For positive control, total RNA or mouse brain tissue (incubate at 37°C for 12 min) can be used.

- After cooling, slightly tilt the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette at an angle of less than 20°. Discard the decrosslinking reagent from the corner of the well using a pipette, keeping the chip and tissue surface moist. Add 400 μL of Wash Buffer per well.
- b. Tilt the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette slightly at an angle of less than 20°, remove the Wash Buffer from the corner of the well using a pipette.
- c. Tissue sections on the Stereo-seq Chip P Slide are incubated for different lengths of time in the range of 0-30 min. For the first trial, it is recommended that you use a suggested time course of 8 min, 14 min, 20 min, and 26 min along with a positive control group (mouse thymus tissue or total RNA).

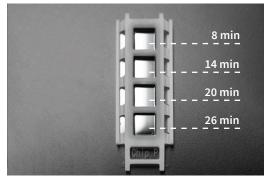
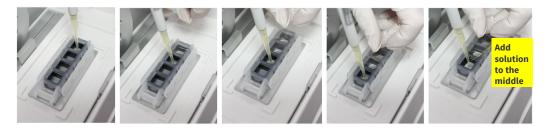


Figure 1. Permeabilization Times (min)



Keep the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette in the PCR Thermal Cycler during the permeabilization and reverse transcription steps. Do not move the cassette.



1) Place the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette in the  $37^{\circ}$ C PCR Thermal Cycler. Add  $150 \mu$ L of 1X Permeabilization Reagent Solution onto the chip (with **26-min** time point) by first pipetting one droplet at each corner of the chip and then adding the rest of the solution to the middle to merge all droplets.



### Ensure that the chip is completely covered with 1X Permeabilization Reagent Solution.

2) Apply unpeeled sealing tape to the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette and let the chip incubate inside the PCR thermal cycler at 37°C.

3) After 6 min, open the lid, remove the unpeeled sealing tape and add 150 μL of 1X Permeabilization Reagent Solution on the chip (with **20-min** time point).



4) Apply unpeeled sealing tape to the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette, close the lid and incubate at 37°C.

5) Repeat the process, working backwards to the shortest incubation time (chip with **8-min** time point).



A second trial of permeabilization time determination (3 more time points) might be required depending on the first trial's results. If multiple time points show similar fluorescent signals, we suggest choosing longer time points for your second trial.

- d. For total RNA as positive control:
  - 1) Prepare the Total RNA Hybridization Mix as indicated in Table 3-3.

Components	1X ( µL)
Total RNA	X (2µg)
Nuclease-free water	70-X
20X SSC	25
RI	5
Total	100

#### Table 3-3 Total RNA hybridization Mix

2) Warm up the Total RNA hybridization Mix inside the 37°C PCR thermal cycler for **>3 min**.

3) Add **100 µL** of total RNA hybridization mixture onto a chip and incubate at 37°C for **15-20 min**.



#### Tissue removal is not needed for total RNA as the positive control group.

- e. When incubation is completed, remove the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette from the PCR Adaptor.
- f. Slightly tilt the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette, remove 1X Permeabilization Reagent Solution or total RNA hybridization mixture with a pipette from the corner of each well without touching the chip surface.
- g. Add 100  $\mu\text{L}$  of Wash Buffer and then remove the solution from the corner of each well.
- h. Place the PCR Adaptor in another PCR Thermal Cycler in advance and set the temperature to 42°C with heated lid set to 47°C.
- i. Prepare RT QC Mix according to Table 3-4 and equilibrate to room temperature **in the dark.**



		-		
Components	1Χ ( μL)	2X + 10% ( μL)	3X + 10% ( μL)	4X + 10% ( μL)
RT QC Reagent	85	187	280.5	374
RT Additive	5	11	16.5	22
RT QC Enzyme	5	11	16.5	22
RI	5	11	16.5	22
Total	100	220	330	440

#### Table 3-4 RT QC Mix

#### 3.5. Reverse Transcription

a. Ensure that the temperature of the PCR Thermal Cycler with PCR Adaptor has been set to 42°C in advance.

b. Gently add **100 µL** of RT QC Mix per chip along the side of each well, ensuring that the well surface is uniformly covered with RT QC Mix.

c. Apply sealing tape to the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette and ensure that it is sealed tightly. Incubate the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette at 42°C for **1 hr** or longer (no longer than 16 hr) **in the dark** with the following incubation protocol.

Temperature	Time	Cycle
(Heated lid) 47°C	on	-
42°C	60 min	1
42°C	Hold	-

#### 3.6. Tissue Removal

Prep	oare					
Reag	gent	Preparation S	teps	Storage		
TR b	uffer	dissolve the pr	r for <b>5 min</b> at 55 °C ecipitate. Equilibra erature prior to use	ite it Room Te	emperature	
··· If v aga	vhite precipita ain and equilib	ate is observed prate to room	in the buffer, diss temperature befor	olve it by heating e mixing.	the buffer at 55	
		PCR Thermal C een set to 60°C	ycler with PCR Ada 	ptor has been set	to 55°C and the	
	emove the Ste ne sealing tape		assette from the 42	2°C PCR Adaptor a	nd then remove	
J wit	thout applying	g force to Side	e, hold the Stereo A and Side B of the ing off of the casse	e cassette. Doing s	e with one hand so prevents the	
	• •		sette and remove t t touching the chip	_	a pipette from	
d. Ad	dd <b>400 µL</b> of 0.	1X SSC solutio	n into each well.			
e. G	ently pipette 0	.1X SSC solutio	n up and down at	the corner of each	well 5 times.	
f. Slightly tilt the Stereo-seq Cassette and remove 0.1X SSC with a pipette from the corner of each well.						
g. Re	g. Repeat step df.					
h. Pi	h. Prepare the Tissue Removal Mix as shown in Table 3-5.					
		Table 3	-5 Tissue Removal	Mix		
Com	ponents	1X ( µL)	2X + 10% ( μL)	3X + 10% ( μL)	4X + 10% ( μL	
тор	uffer	392	862.4	1293.6	1724.8	

i. Add 400  $\mu L$  of Tissue Removal Mix per well without introducing bubbles. Ensure that there is uniform solution coverage within each well.

26.4

1320

17.6

880

TR Enzyme

Total

35.2

1760

8

400

j. Apply sealing tape to the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette and incubate at 55 °C on the PCR Adaptor for **1 hr** with the following incubation protocol.

Temperature	Time	Cycle
(Heated lid) 60°C	on	-
55°C	60 min	1
55°C	Hold	-

k. At the end of incubation, remove the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette from the PCR Adaptor and remove the sealing tape.

If tissue remains on the chip after the tissue removal step, increase the incubation time (no longer than 16 hr). Ensure that the tissue is completely removed.

l. Slightly tilt the Stereo-seq Cassette, remove Tissue Removal Mix with a pipette from the corner of each well.

- m. Add 400  $\mu L$  of 0.1X SSC solution into each well.
- n. Gently pipette 0.1X SSC solution up and down at the corner of each well for 5 times.
- o. Remove 0.1X SSC with a pipette from the corner of each well.
- p. Repeat step m.-o.

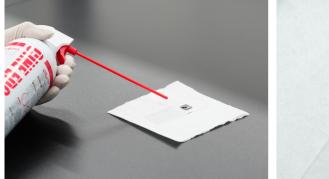
q. Add 400  $\mu L$  of nuclease-free water into each well and pipette up and down to wash the chip surface as SSC solution contains salt.

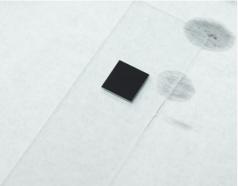
r. Remove the slide from the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette according to the instructions in **<u>1.4 Practice Tips</u>**.

#### Alternative Step:

Remove the slide from the Stereo-seq Slide Cassette after step I. and rinse the Stereo-seq Chip Slide up and down 10 times in a 50 mL falcon tube filled with 50 mL 0.1X SSC, then rinse up and down 10 times with 50 mL nuclease-free water.

s. Place the Stereo-seq Chip Slide onto a clean dust-free paper and dry the chip surface completely with a power dust remover (MATIN, M-6318).

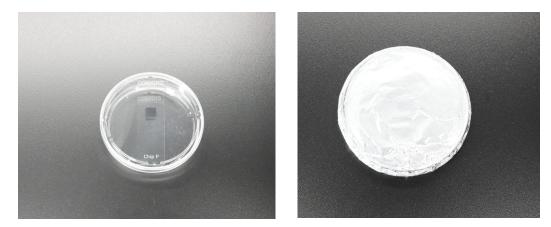




If visible tissue traces remain on the surface of the chip, wash again by adding 100 µL nuclease-free water and then blow dry. This step can be repeated until no visible traces remain on the chip surface.







t. Place the Stereo-seq Chip Slide in a clean petri dish and wrap it with aluminum foil. The chips are now ready for imaging.

#### 3.7. Imaging



a. Create a new folder in a fluorescent microscope-connected PC, name it with the chip ID number and other essential information.

### Only use letters, numbers, and underscores in folder naming. Special characters and spacings are not allowed. Example: B00249A1

b. Take fluorescence images from the chip with the following microscope setting: TRITC channel, 4X and 10X objective lenses, with stitching function.

c. Place 1-2  $\mu$ L of water on the imaging platform first, then transfer and place the Stereoseq Chip Slide onto the water drop. Water surface tension will grab onto the Slide and cause it to adhere to the imaging platform.







d. Remove the light shield and select the chip area of interest.

e. Find the desired capturing area with the 4X lens first and then switch to 10X lens to complete the full scan.

Ensure that the desired capturing area is clear and within focus during full scanning.

Positive control with RNA extract should be imaged separately without modifying any parameters.

#### 3.8. Permeabilization Time Determination

The optimal permeabilization time should result in the strongest fluorescence signal with the lowest signal diffusion. However, this is based on a complete tissue removal as well as images taken under the same settings. For example, as shown in Figure 2, for the **8 min** permeabilization time point, the fluorescence signal in some parts of the mouse thymus is very low, suggesting insufficient permeabilization. For the **14 min** and **20 min** permeabilization time point, images show the strongest signal and finer details among the 4 time points. For the **26 min** permeabilization time point, the signal is the lowest. Based on this result, the optimal permeabilization time for this tissue is **14 min** and **20 min**. In such case when two permeabilization time points show similar fluorescence signals, we suggest using the shorter time, i.e., **14 min** as the optimal permeabilization time point to avoid potential diffusion.

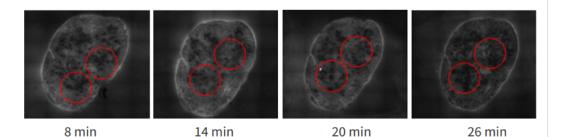


Figure 2. The optimal permeabilization time determination of a mouse thymus section

